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APPLICATION NO.		FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/827,249		04/20/2004	Kiyoshi Kawabe	4329.2358-01	2534
22852	7590	05/04/2006		EXAMINER	
FINNEGA	N, HEN	DERSON, FAR	VIDWAN, JASJIT S		
LLP					
901 NEW Y	ORK AV	ENUE, NW	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
WASHINGT	WASHINGTON, DC 20001-4413				

DATE MAILED: 05/04/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	Office Action Community	10/827,249	KAWABE, KIYOSHI					
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
		Jasjit S. Vidwan	2182					
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).								
Status								
1)🖂	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 15 Ju	ily 2005.						
2a) <u></u>	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.							
3) 🗌	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is							
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositi	on of Claims							
4)🖂	Claim(s) <u>17-26</u> is/are pending in the application.							
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5)	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)🗹	Claim(s) <u>I7-2</u> Lis/are rejected.							
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8)□	B) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.							
Applicati	on Papers	·						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.								
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>20 April 2004</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ objected to by the Examiner.								
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).								
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
Priority u	inder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:								
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage							
	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).							
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.								
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)								
	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	y (PTO-413) Date						
3) 🛛 Inform	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date <u>4/20/2004</u> .	5) Notice of Informal 6) Other:	Patent Application (PTO-152)					

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DETAILED ACTION

Claims 1-16 are cancelled as per document submitted on 4/20/2004 by the Applicant.

Claims 17-26 are pending

Double Patenting

1. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., *In re Berg*, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

2. Claims 1-7 of Patent No. 6,735,640 [Kawabe] contain every element of claims 17-26 of the instant application and as such anticipate claims 17-26 of the instant application.

"A later patent claim is not patentably distinct from an earlier patent claim if the later claim is obvious over, or anticipated by, the earlier claim. In re Longi, 759 F.2d at 896, 225 USPQ at 651 (affirming a holding of obviousness-type double patenting because the claims at issue were obvious over claims in four prior art patents); In re Berg, 140 F.3d at 1437, 46 USPQ2d at 1233 (Fed. Cir. 1998)(affirming a holding of obviousness-type double patenting where a patent application claim to a genus is anticipated by a patent claim to a species within that genus). "ELI LILLY AND COMPANY v

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BARR LABORATORIES, INC., United States Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit, ON PETITION FOR REHEARING EN BANC (DECIDED: May 30, 2001).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 4. Claims 17, 19, 20, 23, 24 and 26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Torii et al U.S. Patent 6,532,512 [herein after Torii].
- 5. **As per claims 17, 20 and 24**, Torii teaches a computer system comprising:
- (a) Computer having a processor [see Fig. 1, Element 2, "First Computer"] and a graphic-controller [Fig. 2, Element 13, "Video Display Circuit"]
 - (b) Display connected to the computer [Col. 1, Lines 17-19]
- (c) Terminal to which another device can be connected [Fig. 2, Element 12, "Signal-Input-Terminals"]
 - (d) Controller which is connected to the terminal, the computer, and the display [Col. 4, Lines 28-30] and which supplies an output from the graphic-controller to the display in a first mode and an output from the other device to the display in the second mode [Col. 4, Lines 34-41]
- 6. **As per claims 19, 23 and 26**, Torii teaches computer system further comprising a detector which detects a connection of the other device to the terminal and a mode setter which sets the second mode upon detection of the connection of the other device to the terminal **[Col. 2, Lines 51-60]**.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

7. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

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(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

- 8. Claim 18, 21, 22 and 25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Torii and further in view of Lee U.S. Patent no: 6,005,789 [herein after Lee].
- 9. **As per claims 18, 21, 22, 25**, Torii teaches the limitations of Claims 17, 20 and 24 however failed to teach a computer system further comprising a power supply which supplies power to the computer and to the display in the first mode and power to the display in the second mode. However, Lee teaches computer system further comprising a power supply which supplies power to the computer and to the display in the first mode [see Lee, Col. 2, Lines 25-30] and power to the display in the second mode [See Col. 1, Lines 60-65].

One of ordinary skill in the art at the time of Applicant's invention would have clearly recognized the advantage of combining the teachings of Lee and Torii in order to take advantage of having plurality of power saving mode. It is for this reason that one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of Applicant's invention would have been motivated to combine the two teachings in order to have the benefit of have plurality of power saving modes.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jasjit S. Vidwan whose telephone number is (571) 272-7936. The examiner can normally be reached on 8am - 5 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, KIM HUYNH can be reached on (571) 272-4147. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

JSV April 28, 2006

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

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